

EDLC as Backup Supply for A1080 & A1035-D

A description using EDLCs as Backup Supply for Tyco Electronics' GPS modules A1080-A, A1035-D

Application Note

Version 1.1 Hardware Revisions 01, 02 and 03 (A1080) Hardware Revisions 01 and 02 (A1035-D)



Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description
1.0	07-06-07	Initial draft
1.1	08-21-08 New style; moved to Vincotech	
	mm-dd-yy	



Disclaimer

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS PROPRIETARY INFORMATION OF VINCOTECH GMBH. IT MAY NOT BE COPIED OR TRANSMITTED BY ANY MEANS, PASSED TO OTHERS, OR STORED IN ANY RETRIEVAL SYSTEM OR MEDIA, WITHOUT PRIOR CONSENT OF VINCOTECH OR ITS AUTHORIZED AGENTS.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS, TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, ENTIRELY CORRECT. HOWEVER, VINCOTECH CAN NEITHER ACCEPT LIABILITY FOR ANY INACCURACIES, OR THE CONSEQUENCES THEREOF, NOR FOR ANY LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE USE OR APPLICATION OF ANY CIRCUIT, PRODUCT, OR EXAMPLE SHOWN IN THE DOCUMENT.

THE PRODUCT (HARD- AND SOFTWARE) DESCRIBED IN THIS DOCUMENTATION IS NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF VINCOTECH.

THIS DOCUMENT MAY PROVIDE LINKS TO OTHER WORLD WIDE WEB SITES OR RESOURCES. BECAUSE VINCOTECH HAS NO CONTROL OVER SUCH SITES AND RESOURCES, VINCOTECH SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE AVAILABILITY OF SUCH EXTERNAL SITES OR RESOURCES, AND DOES NOT ENDORSE AND IS NOT RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR ANY CONTENT, ADVERTISING, PRODUCTS, OR OTHER MATERIALS ON OR AVAILABLE FROM SUCH SITES OR RESOURCES. VINCOTECH SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, FOR ANY DAMAGE OR LOSS CAUSED OR ALLEGED TO BE CAUSED BY OR IN CONNECTION WITH USE OF OR RELIANCE ON ANY SUCH CONTENT, GOODS OR SERVICES AVAILABLE ON OR THROUGH ANY SUCH SITE OR RESOURCE.

VINCOTECH RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CHANGE, MODIFY, OR IMPROVE THIS DOCUMENT OR THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN, AS SEEN FIT BY VINCOTECH WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.



Table of Contents

1 Introduction	
2 Considerations using EDLCs as Backup Supply	
2.1 Size	
2.2 Component Variation	
2.3 Temperature	5
2.4 Moisture	
2.5 Processing	6
2.6 Life Span	6
3 Example	
4 References	
5 Related Information	
5.1 Contact	
5.2 Related Documents	ç



1 Introduction

This document aims to highlight some consideration that should be taken into account when using electrochemical double layer capacitors (EDLCs, often also referred to as Goldcaps or Supercaps) for the backup supply of the A1080 and A1035-D GPS receiver and presents an example calculation for the maximum backup time. Although mainly material from Panasonic (http://www.panasonic.com/industrial/components/capacitive/cap_gold.htm) is used as reference source, the information applies to all EDLCs respectively. Please do not interpret this document as a suggestion to use only Panasonic devices, the reason for their prominent position is solely due to the fact, that Panasonic provides by far the most extensive information on their web pages. When choosing the appropriate EDLC other criteria like price, size and availability on the local market may apply.

2 Considerations using EDLCs as Backup Supply

The basic principle of EDLCs can be found in many different devices for quite different applications. [1], [2] They are used as high power devices for electric cars and as tiny little backup power supply. Obviously we concentrate on the latter.

2.1 Size

Basically the physical size is directly related to the capacity of the device. As a rule of thumb one can say that a bigger EDLC will lead to longer backup times. However, the same nominal capacitance might be available in different package variants (eg. shape, SMD vs. leaded).

2.2 Component Variation

The capacitance of an EDLC is subject to variations and usually specified as a nominal value in conjunction with tolerance information. Eg. the capacitance of the EECF5R5H105 [6] (nominal 1.0F) can vary between 0.8F and 1.8F. If maximum backup time is critical, always consider the lowest value for the calculations.

2.3 Temperature

Temperature range seems to be an issue with EDLCs, eg. Panasonic specifies the range from -25°C to +85°C as "wide temperature range". [2] Usually devices are specified only up +60°C or +70°C. [5] Please check carefully the datasheet of the device chosen. Furthermore the actual temperature the EDLC is exposed to has a significant influence on the life span of the device. [4]

2.4 Moisture

The impact of moisture is twofold. Firstly increasing moisture leads to higher leakage currents inside the EDLC as well as in the whole circuit, thus shortening the usable backup time instantly. Secondly permanent moisture (eg. tropical atmosphere) will degrade the overall life span of the device. [3], [4]



2.5 Processing

EDLCs are very sensitive to the manufacturing process. Special care should be taken not to overheat them during assembly. [4]

2.6 Life Span

The usable life span of an EDLC is limited. Its capacitance will decrease and its internal resistance will increase over time. The deterioration process is largely influenced by ambient conditions, applied voltages and currents involved, but will definitely take place and cannot be avoided. In consequence thereof the maximum backup time will decrease over time. Please consider this when designing the product. [4]



3 Example

The example calculation is based on the formula given in [4] on page 18:

$$t = C \cdot \frac{V_0 - i \cdot R - V_1}{i + i_1} = 0.8 \cdot \frac{3.3 - 20 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 50 - 1.8}{(20 + 2) \cdot 10^{-6}} \,\text{s} = 54509 \,\text{s} \approx 15 \,\text{hours}$$

Symbol	Description	Depends on	Example value
t	Back-up time (s)	Result	approximately 15 hours
C	Capacitance of EDLC (F)	EDLC	0.8F (EDLC datasheet, min. value)
V_{0}	Supply voltage (V)	Design	3.3V (VCC, supply voltage)
$V_{_1}$	Cut-off voltage (V)	A1080	1.8V (A1080 manual)
R	Internal resistance at 1kHz (Ω)	EDLC	50 Ω (EDLC datasheet)
$i_{_{I}}$	Leakage current (A)	EDLC	2μA (estimation)
i	Current during backup (A)	A1080	20μA (A1080 manual)

The values are derived from the EDLC datasheet [6] and the A1080 receiver manual [7]. Please consider the result as an indication for the expected backup time only, as there are many factors influencing the actual result: component variation, aging, temperature and humidity. Last, but not least, this example calculation is based on the assumption, that the EDLC is fully charged at the beginning of the backup period. With a circuit according to section **10.6 Battery Back-up** of the A1080 Manual [7] the EDLC is charged through a nom. 100 Ω resistor (part of the A1080) connected to VCC. This resistance has to be added to the internal resistance of the chosen EDLC to calculate the charging time. Depending on the actual capacitance and resistance involved the charging time may easily be in the range of several minutes up to even hours!



4 References

[1] Wikipedia: EDLC

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/EDLC

[2] Panasonic: About Gold Capacitors

http://www.panasonic.com/industrial/components/pdf/about_gold_capacitors.pdf

[3] Panasonic: Gold Capacitor Application Guidelines

http://www.panasonic.com/industrial/components/pdf/ABC0000PE41.pdf

[4] Panasonic: Gold Capacitor Technical Guide

http://www.panasonic.com/industrial/components/pdf/goldcap_tech-

guide 052505.pdf

[5] Panasonic: Quick Selection Guide

http://www.panasonic.com/industrial/components/pdf/weblc_gsg_lytic_0905.pdf

[6] Panasonic: Datasheet EECF5R5H105

http://www.panasonic.com/industrial/components/pdf/ABC0000CE5.pdf



5 Related Information

5.1 Contact

This manual was created with due diligence. We hope that it will be helpful to the user to get the most out of the GPS module.

Anyway, inputs about errors or mistakable verbalizations and comments or proposals to Vincotech, Germany, for further improvements are highly appreciated.

Vincotech GmbH

Bibergerstr. 93 82008 Unterhaching (Munich) Germany

Tel.: +49 89 8780 67 0 Fax: +49 89 8780 67 351 gps@vincotech.com www.vincotech.com/gps

5.2 Related Documents

- GPS Receiver A1080 (Vincotech)
- GPS Receiver A1035-D (Vincotech)